One week after a 6-day bout of watery febrile diarrhea, an 85-year-old pseudophakic White woman, followed up for a relapsed multiple myeloma, presented with sudden unilateral vision loss (20/20000). Severe panuveitis with a massive fibrino-hemorrhagic cyclitic membrane (**A**) extending to the capsular bag (**B**) was documented. The results of blood cultures, brain magnetic resonance imaging, whole-body computed tomography scan, and transthoracic echocardiogram were negative. Massive inflammation was removed by cleaning fibrin in the sulcus (**C**) and sticky retrolental abscess (**D**). Complete healing occurred without subsequent complications: vision improved until 3 months and then remained constant (20/32, Jaeger 1)